



Log in / register



Issue 5, 2021

Previous

Next



From the journal:

Materials Horizons

The transfer and amplification of cyanostilbene molecular function to advanced flexible optical paints through self-crosslinkable side-chain liquid crystal polysiloxanes†



[Jahyeon Koo](#),^a [Junhwa Jang](#),^a [Seok-In Lim](#),^a [Mintaek Oh](#),^a [Kyung Min Lee](#),^b [Michael E. McConney](#),^b [Luciano De Sio](#),^c [Dae-Yoon Kim](#)^{*d} and [Kwang-Un Jeong](#)^{id *a}

Author affiliations

* Corresponding authors

^a Department of Polymer-Nano Science and Technology, Department of Nano Convergence Engineering, Jeonbuk National University, Jeonju 54896, Republic of Korea

E-mail: kujeong@jbnu.ac.kr

^b US Air Force Research Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio 45433, USA

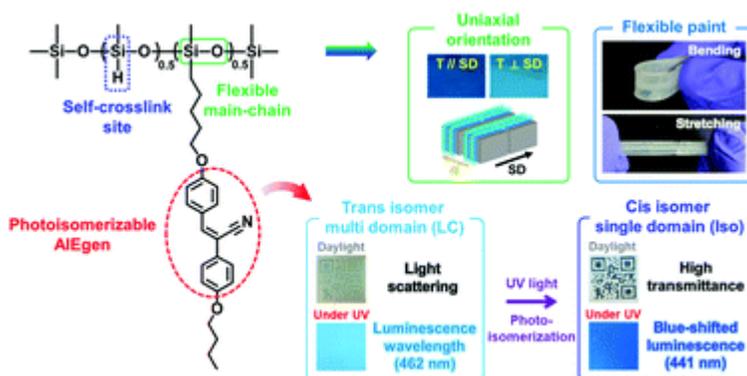
^c Center for Biophotonics and Department of Medico-Surgical Science and Biotechnologies, Sapienza University of Rome, Latina 04100, Italy

^d Functional Composite Materials Research Center, Korea Institute of Science and Technology, Jeonbuk 55324, Republic of Korea

E-mail: kdaeyoon@kist.re.kr

Abstract

A self-crosslinkable side-chain liquid crystal polysiloxane containing cyanostilbene (Si-CSM) was newly synthesized for the development of a new generation of flexible optical paints. The photoisomerization of the cyanostilbene moiety at the molecular level was transferred and amplified to the phase transition of Si-CSM, resulting in changes in the macroscopic optical properties of the Si-CSM thin film. The self-crosslinking reaction between Si-H groups in the Si-CSM polymer backbone caused the self-crosslinked Si-CSM thin film to be very elastic and both thermally and chemically stable. Therefore, the self-crosslinked Si-CSM thin film endured stretching and bending deformations under relatively harsh conditions. In addition, the uniaxially oriented and self-crosslinked Si-CSM thin film generated linearly polarized light emission. Polarization-dependent and photopatternable secret coatings were fabricated *via* a spontaneous self-crosslinking reaction after coating the Si-CSM paint and irradiating ultraviolet (UV) light through a photomask. This newly developed flexible optical Si-CSM paint can be applied in next-generation optical coatings.



This article is part of the themed collection: [Polymers in liquid formulations](#)

About

Cited by

Related

Buy this article

£42.50*

* Exclusive of taxes

This article contains 9 page(s)

Other ways to access this content

Log in

Using your institution credentials

Sign in

With your membership or subscriber account

Supplementary files[Supplementary information](#)

PDF (1608K)

Article information<https://doi.org/10.1039/D1MH00004G>**Submitted**

02 Jan 2021

Accepted

11 Mar 2021

First published

11 Mar 2021

Citation*Mater. Horiz.*, 2021, **8**, 1561-1569

BibTex



Go

Article type

Communication

Permissions[Request permissions](#)**Social activity**

[Tweet](#)[Share](#)

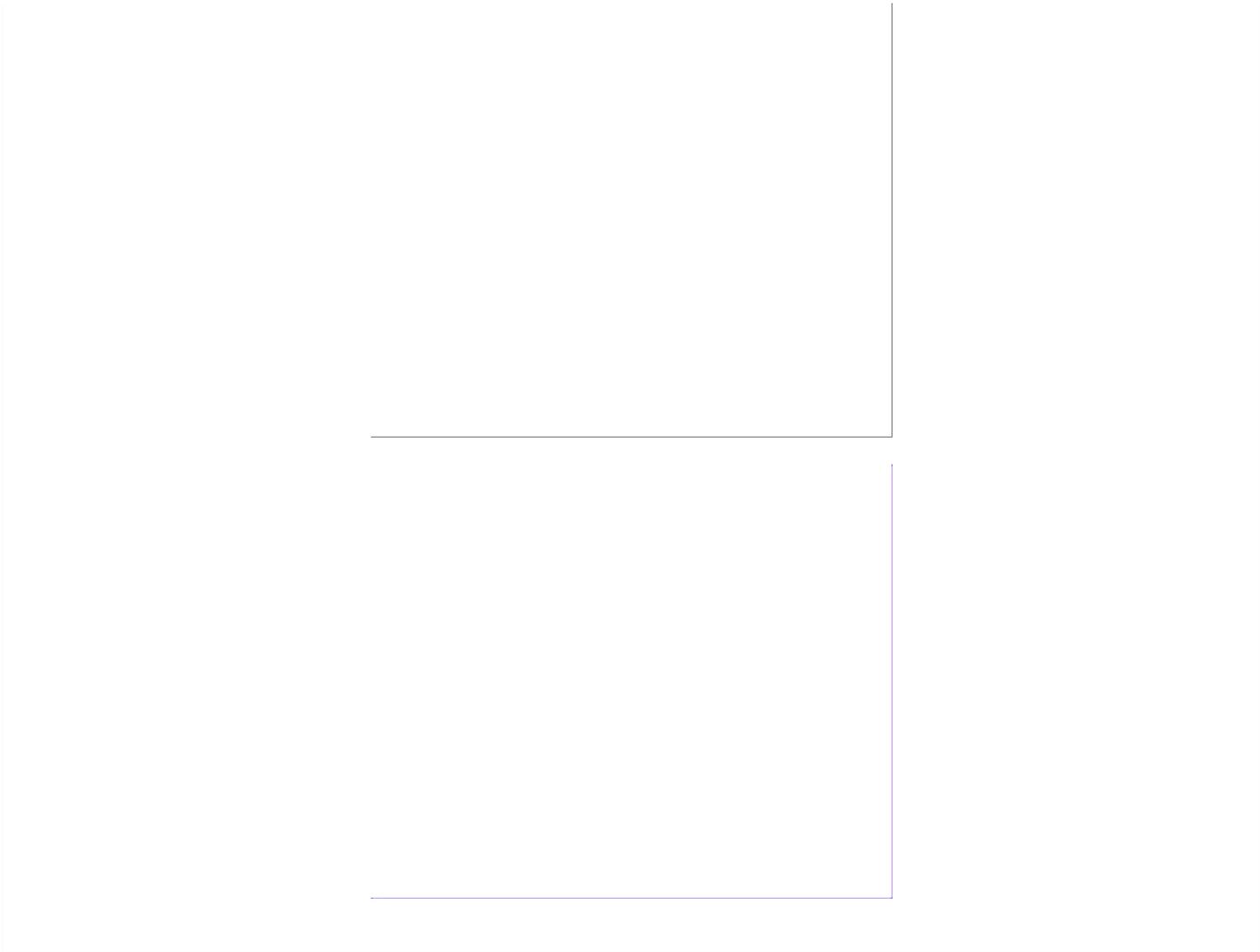
Search articles by author

- Jahyeon Koo
- Junhwa Jang
- Seok-In Lim
- Mintaek Oh
- Kyung Min Lee
- Michael E. McConney
- Luciano De Sio
- Dae-Yoon Kim
- Kwang-Un Jeong

[Go](#)

Spotlight

Advertisements



› **Journals, books & databases**



- Home
- About us
- Membership & professional community
- Campaigning & outreach
- Journals, books & databases
- Teaching & learning
- News & events

[Locations & contacts](#)

[Careers](#)

[Awards & funding](#)

[Advertise](#)

[Help & legal](#)

[Privacy policy](#)

[Terms & conditions](#)



© Royal Society of Chemistry 2021

Registered charity number: 207890